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(20222)

Roll No.

M.A./M.Sc.-I Sem.

11092 CV-III

M.A./M.Sc. Examination, December-2021

METRIC SPACES (GH-1052)

Time: 1½ Hours]

[Maximum Marks: 50

Note: Attempt questions from each sections as per instructions.

Section-A

(Very Short Auswer Questions)

Note: Attempt any two questions of this section. Each question carries 5 marks. Very short answer is required.

 $2 \times 5 = 10$

- 1. Consider R^2 and let ρ be a real valued function defined on $R^2 \times R^2$ by setting $\rho(x, y) = \min \{|x_1 y_1|, |x_2 y_2|\}$ where $x = (x_1, x_2), y = (y_1, y_2)$. Is ρ a metric?
- 2. In a discrete metric space (X, d), prove that every Singleton is an open set.

Find the closure of Q the set of rational numbers in (R, d) where R is the set of real numbers equipped with the standard metric.

(2)

- 4. Let (X, d) and (Y, p) be metric spaces and let $T: (X, d) \rightarrow (Y, p)$ be a contraction mapping. Show that T is continuous.
- Give an example of a subspace of a metric space
 (X, d) which is complete but not compact.

Section-B

(Short Answer Questions)

Note: This section contains three questions. Attempt any one question. Each question carries ten marks.

Very short answer is required. 1×10=10

Prove that every complete subspace of a metric space is closed.

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- Prove that the continuous image of a connected metric space is connected.
- 8. Let (X, d) be a metric space and let A and B be any subsets of X. Show that:
 - (i) A° [the interior of A] is the largest open subset of A https://www.ccsustudy.com
 - (ii) $A \subseteq B \Rightarrow A^{\circ} \subseteq B^{\circ}$
 - (iii) $(A \cup B)^{\circ} = A^{\circ} \cup B^{\circ}$

Section-C

(Detailed Answer Questions)

Note: This section contains five questions. Attempt any two questions. Each question carries 15 marks.

Answer is required in detail. 2×15=30

29. Let (X, d) be a metric space and let ρ be a real valued function on $R \times R$ defined as $\rho(x, y) = \min\{1, d(x, y)\} \ \forall x, y \in X$. Show that ρ is a metric on X.

- Let {G₁, G₂,, G_n} be a finite collection of open subsets of a metric space (X, d). Then prove that \[
 \bigcup_{i=1}^n G_i \] is an open subset of X, What can you say about \[
 \bigcup_{i=1}^n G_i ? Justify your answer.
 \]
- 11. Let (X₁, d₁) and (X₂, d₂) be metric spaces and let f: X₁ → X₂ be a mapping from X₁ into X₂. Show that f is continuous if and only if f⁻¹(G) is an open subset of X₁ whenever G is an open subset of X₂.
- 12. Prove that every contraction mapping defined on a complete metric space (X, d) has a unique fixed point.
- 13. Let (R, d) be a metric space where d is the standard metric defined on the set of Real numbers R. Show that a subset S of (R, d) is compact if and only if it is closed and bounded.

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